

MBZ-1

Seat No.

M. Sc. (ECI) (Sem. II) (CBCS) Examination April / May - 2018

Paper - 5 : Basic Circuit Analysis

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

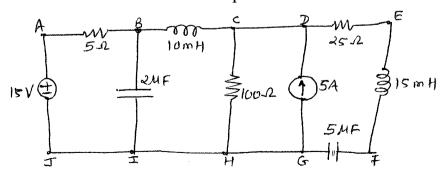
[Total Marks: 70

1 Answer any **seven** from the following:

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- (1) Define tree, twig, cut-set, and tie-set.
- (2) Derive an Incidence matrix from a graph of your choice.
- (3) Define mesh, node, supermesh, and Supernode.
- (4) State Thevenin's theorem.
- (5) Write the statement of Reciprocity theorem.
- (6) Draw a reference sine wave, a leading sine wave, and a lagging sine Wave with their respective mathematical equations.
- (7) If $Z_1 = 4 + j8$ and $Z_2 = 25 < 45^{\circ}$ find $Z_1 + Z_2$
- (8) Define resonance in RLC circuit. What is bandwidth?
- (9) What is the use of dot convention?
- (10) Prove that $L \propto N^2$
- 2 Answer any two from the following:
 - (A) For the electrical network shown below, draw its graph, write its incidence matrix, tie-set matrix, link current transformation equation and branch current.



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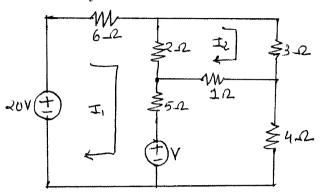
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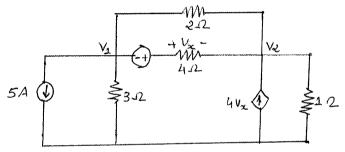
(B) Determine the voltage V which causes the current I_1 to be zero for the circuit shown below. Use mesh analysis.

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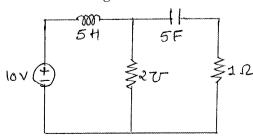
(C) For the circuit shown below find the voltage across the 4Ω resistor by using nodal analysis.



- 3 Answer the following
 - (A) If R_A , R_B , and R_C are the resistors connected in star 7 configuration, obtain the conversion formulae for R_1 , R_2 and R_3 which are to be connected in delta configuration.
 - (B) Explain the Norton's theorem with one example. 7

OR

- **3** Answer the following:
 - (A) Convert the following circuit in its dual form.



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(B) Determine the maximum power delivered to the load in the circuit Shown below.

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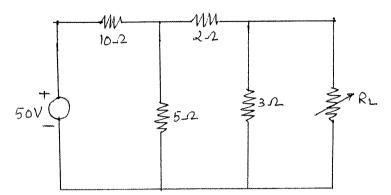
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- 4 Answer the following:
 - (A) Discuss the impedance of series RL circuit in detail. 7
 - (B) Write about the voltage and current response of the series RLC circuit and derive the condition for the maximum voltage across the inductor and capacitor.
 - (C) Draw an RLC circuit such that R_L and X_L are in series while R_C and X_C also in series but both branches are in parallel to each other and driven by an AC source voltage V. Discuss locus diagram for the following cases:
 - (1) Variable X_L
 - (2) Variable X_C
 - (3) Variable R_L
 - (4) Variable R_C
- 5 Answer any two from the following:
 - (A) Write on average, apparent and reactive power.
 - (B) Discuss parallel connection of coupled circuit with proper mathematical Derivation.
 - (C) Draw the RL circuit for its DC response.

 Derive the equations for its total current, voltages of the resistor and inductor along with the power of both of them. Draw the response curves for current, voltage and power.
 - (D) Draw a series RL circuit driven by a source $v(t) = V \cos(\omega t + \theta)$ and derive the expression for the total current.